

関数  $f(x)$ ,  $g(x)$  を

$$f(x) = e^x, \quad g(x) = f\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + f\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right)$$

で定める。ただし,  $e$  は自然対数の底である。また,

$$I_1 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(x) \cos^2 x dx, \quad I_2 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(x) \sin^2 x dx$$

とおく。

$$(1) \quad g(x) = g\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) \text{ を示せ。}$$

$$(2) \quad I_1 = I_2 \text{ を示せ。}$$

$$(3) \quad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(x) dx, \quad I_1 \text{ の値をそれぞれ求めよ。}$$

(17 静岡大)

(解説)

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad g\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) &= f\left(\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right) - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) + f\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - x\right)\right) \\ &= f\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - x\right) + f\left(x - \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = g(x) \end{aligned}$$

$$(2) \quad I_1 \text{ において } x = \frac{\pi}{2} - t \text{ とおくと, } \frac{dx}{dt} = -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} I_1 &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(x) \cos^2 x dx \\ &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 g\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - t\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - t\right) \cdot (-1) dt \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(t) \sin^2 t dt = I_2 \end{aligned}$$

|     |                 |               |                 |
|-----|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| $x$ | 0               | $\rightarrow$ | $\frac{\pi}{2}$ |
| $t$ | $\frac{\pi}{2}$ | $\rightarrow$ | 0               |

$$(3) \quad \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(x) dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (e^{x-\frac{\pi}{4}} + e^{\frac{\pi}{4}-x}) dx = \left[ e^{x-\frac{\pi}{4}} - e^{\frac{\pi}{4}-x} \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 2(e^{\frac{\pi}{4}} - e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}})$$

$$I_1 + I_2 = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(x) (\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x) dx = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} g(x) dx$$

(2)から,  $I_1 = I_2$  となり

$$I_1 = e^{\frac{\pi}{4}} - e^{-\frac{\pi}{4}}$$